

AD 18-36

Joseph ben Caiaphas was appointed high priest by the Roman procurator VALERIUS GRATUS. He remained in office (18-36) under his successor Pontius Pilate also.

18-36

Caiphas, (son-in-law of Annas)
was high priest from 18 to 36

18 OCT 18 AD

M ACR0 replaced the guard of praetors
by soldiers of the night watch, then
handed over to them Tiberius's letter
ordering the arrest of Sejanus. The
move took Sejanus completely by surprise
and he was quickly hauled away to
his death. His son & daughter were
killed a few days later, and his wife
APICATA was driven to suicide but

not before she had written a statement accusing
LIVILLA of complicity in the death of Druusus.

In the weeks which followed, friends &
supporters of Sejanus were hunted down
and killed

18AD

Germanicus was colleague of Tiberius as Consul, but before he was already on his way to the east, with special powers to settle various problems in the provinces. There he fell into conflict with GNAEUS PISO, the new Governor of Syria, and overstepped his authority by visiting Egypt

without imperid permission

18 AD (early in yr)

Caligula delivers speech in Assos

43BC ¹⁸ → 18 AD

Ovid.
Poet

Goths

The Roman general DRUSUS established contact with a MARCOMANNIC refugee, the young noble CATVALDA, when the latter lived in exile among the GUTONES. From there CATVALDA returned to his homeland "in great strength" (which probably means with GUTONIC support) and overthrew King MARBO of the Marcomanni. This took place in A.D. 180 or shortly thereafter.

18AD

CAIAPHAS (also named Joseph),
high priest at time of Jesus' death,
was appointed (according to
Josephus) by VALERIUS GRATUS,
the Roman Procurator before Pilate.
CAIAPHAS father-in-law Annas
had preceded him.

18 → 36

Caiphas was High Priest

18AD-

DURANT

Death of Ovid.

18-36 AD

C A I A P H A S

High priest functioning at Jerusalem from the year 18 to 36 AD. He was the son-in-law of the former high priest Annas and involved in the conspiracy to destroy Jesus. He was deposed by the legate of Syria, VITELLIVS after the recall of Pontius Pilate in 36 A.D.